

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. **(Currently amended)** A method for securing by software confinement, a computer system which executes codes which manipulate data, involving:
 - at least one memory manager managing memory allocation units ~~which may typically be a page with a fixed size or a block with a variable size,~~
 - at least possessors and requesters of memory allocation units ~~which may typically be an application of the user of the operating system of the computer system or the operating system itself,~~said method comprising the following steps:
 - performing an allocation of memory ~~performed~~ by the memory manager upon request from another component of the operating system which transmits to said memory manager, the identity of the requester;
 - performing a check by the aforesaid memory manager of the whole of the memory allocation units, each being associated with a possessor of the memory allocation unit;
 - performing an encryption of the data of each possessor by means of a key associated with this possessor;
 - performing a check by the memory manager, for each request to access a memory allocation unit, of the identity of the requester; if this identity is not identical to that of the

possessor of said memory allocation unit, then access to the memory allocation unit is refused by the memory manager;

- performing, by means of the memory manager, encryption (in the case of a write request) or decryption (in the case of a read request) of the relevant data with the key associated with the possessor, this key being at least recalculated by the memory manager.

2.-9 (Canceled)

10. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein one of said memory allocation units is a page with a fixed size or a block with a variable size.

11. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein one of said possessors or requesters is an application of the user of the operating system of the computer system or the operating system itself.

12. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of said memory allocation units is a page, and memory manager, when it receives a request for allocating a block on behalf of a possessor of a memory allocation unit, first searches for a page with the same possessor so that all the blocks allocated by said possessor are found grouped in one or several dedicated pages.

13. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein transmission of the identity of the requester is accomplished either by managing a current context, or by passing parameters to the functions of the memory manager.

14. **(New)** The method according to claim 1, wherein the memory manager dynamically calculates the key of a possessor from a secret associated with said possessor and a master key to which only the memory manager has access.

15. **(New)** The method according to claim 1 wherein the memory manager associates the key with each set of possessor and memory allocation unit instead of associating a unique key with each possessor.

16. **(New)** The method according to claim 1 wherein the memory manager integrates into each memory allocation unit, an area with which the integrity of the latter may be checked.

17. **(New)** The method according to claim 1 associating different security levels with the possessors and using different encryption means according to the associated security level.

18. **(New)** The method according to claim 1 being combined with a physical protection mechanism.

19. **(New)** The method according to claim 1 being implemented on an embedded system such as a terminal of the portable telephone type, a bank payment terminal, a portable payment terminal, a digital assistant or PDA, a chip card.